Bachelor in SOCIOLOGY Course of Sociological Theories 2022-23, 1st year, 2nd Semester, ECTS 8, 48 hours Prof. Umberto Pagano

Course Information	Course of Sociological Theories, Bachelor in Sociology, 8 ECTS, accademic year 2021/2022, 1st Year, 2nd Semester.			
Professor Information	Umberto Pagano, PhD, Researcher at Department of Law, Economic and Sociology. Student reception: after lessons or to be agreed upon request via e-mail: <u>umberto.pagano@unicz.it</u>			
Course Description	The course aims to introduce students to sociological theory, or rather to some fundamental sociological theories, highlighting their possible interconnections. A brief but exhaustive overview of the theoretical systematization of the Discipline will be presented, from its origins up to the most recent developments, from "grand theoies" by "classical" Authors to theories of globalization and postmodernity.			
Course objectives and expected learning outcomes	The aim of the course is to frame the historical, scientific and social context in which Sociology was born and evolved, so to analyze the relevant features of the main "classical" and contemporary sociological theories. Knowledge and understanding: Students acquire knowledge of the fundamental theoretical (microsociological and macrosociological) and historical categories of the Discipline, at appropriate level to understand their specificity and "value". Applied knowledge and understanding (i.e., the ability to apply knowledge and understanding): Students are able to interpret and discuss the main sociological theories, to frame them in the historical and social context of reference, to recognize their contribution to the evolution of the Discipline and the links between them. They are also able to consciously argue about them, making appropriate references. Autonomy of judgment: Students acquire the specific language of sociological theories. Communication skills: Students acquire the specific language of sociological theory, the correct use of the categories and lexicon of the Discipline. Learning skills: Students improve their ability to approach sociological reflection and the historical and methodological framework of the most significant exponents of the Discipline.			
Program (contents, methods of development);	Main topics: - Introduction to sociological theory. - Classical theories, through the work of some leading authors of reference: Durkheim, Marx, Weber, Simmel, Veblen, Mead. - Modern and contemporary " <i>Grand Theories</i> ": structural- functionalism, the functional theory of stratification and its critics;			

	 conflict theory, systems theory, neo-Marxian theory, critical theory. <i>Theories of daily life</i>: symbolic interactionism, dramaturgical approach, ethnomethodology, social exchange theory, rational choice theory. Contemporary integrative theories, contemporary feminist theories. Postmodern approaches and theories of globalization: the transition from industrial society to post-industrial society, growing governmentality, interpretations of postmodernity, dromology. Some major contemporary theorists: Giddens, Beck, Bauman, Baudrillard. 					
Estimate of the commitment required for individual study in terms of hours	Approximately 150 ore					
Teaching	Frontal lesson, cooperative learning.					
methods	,					
Learning resources (recommended textbooks,	George Ritzer, <i>Teoria sociologica. Radici classiche e sfide</i> <i>contemporanee</i> , Apogeo Education - Maggioli Editore, 2012 (Original: <i>Contemporary sociological theory and its classic roots</i> , 3rd edition, McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.)					
further recommended reading, other educational material)	During the lessons further readings will be recommended in order to deepen some issues.					
Support Activities	Within reception activities.					
Modality of Attendance	Attendance is not compulsory but strongly recommended.					
Modality of Assessment	The final exam will be held orally.					
	Grade	Knowledge and understanding of the topic	Ability to analyze and synthesize	Use of references		
	Fail	Severe shortcomings and inaccuracies	Irrelevant. Frequent generalizations. Inability to synthesize	Completely inappropriate		
	18-20	Sufficient. Important shortcomings.	Sufficient capabilities	Sufficient		
	21-23	Basic Knowledge	The student is capable of correct analysis and synthesis, argues logically and consistently	The student uses standard references		
	24-26	Satisfactory.	The student	The student		

	Good knowledge	has good analysis and synthesis skills. The arguments are expressed consistently	uses standard references
27-29	Very Good	The student has considerable skills in analysis and synthesis	The student deepened the topics of the exam
30-30L	Excellent	The student has excellent analysis and synthesis skills	Important insights