Master's Degree in Law Constitutional Law II Academic Year 2023/2024, I Semester, 6 ECTS credits

Prof. Luigi Ventura

Information about the course	Constitutional law II, 6 ECTS credits, academic year 2023-2024, I semester, IV year of course, Master's Degree in Law – Hours of lessons 42 Disciplinary-scientific area IUS/08 Language of the course: Italian				
Professor Information	Prof. Luigi Ventura Department of Law, Economics and Sociology e-mail: ventura@unicz.it Student Reception: on appointment by e-mail in advance.				
Course description	The course is divided into lectures of frontal teaching, for a total of 6 hours per week, divided into three days. The following program will be addressed.				
Course aims and expected learning outcomes	The course aims to deepen, in a critical key, a selection of issues related to political unity and the system of guarantees, as well as the transformations that have met the form of government. In particular, a reconstruction will be carried out, at the historical and cultural level, of the founding pact of the republican order, as well as of the system of guarantees that tend to safeguard the unity of the system, starting with the Head of State, guarantor institution and symbol of the National Unit. The system of constitutional guarantees will also be deepened through the analysis of the forms of resistance in the institutional arrangements and the extreme assumptions of transgression, committed by the same representative of national unity, with specific reference to its ethical basis, which finds its legal translation in the duty of fidelity to the Republic referred to in art. 54 Cost. Further attention will be given to the role of the other guarantor of the constitutional legality, the Constitutional Court, with the analysis of the persuasive argumentation of the relevant rulings, a figure that marks its identity with respect to the role of the political steering bodies, whose acts do not require a statement of reasons or for which it is never actually used. The second part of the course will examine the transformations of the form of government, with the analysis of the inter-institutional dynamics, which lead to the flight of power from any form of responsibility, the ethical crisis of institutional political actors and the decline in the preceptive force of legal rules towards dominant political practices, a phenomenon revealing the deep crisis, at least in the Italian experience, of modern constitutionalism and democratic culture. At the end of the course the student should have an accurate knowledge of the selection of topics proposed and be able to base it on further critical reflections. For non-attending students adifferent textbook and a different program are planned, with the object of deepening g				
Program (contents,	Attending students				
methods of	(recommended text: L. Ventura, Frammenti costituzionali e disordine politico,				
execution) Possible distinction	Giappichelli – Torino 2015.) PART 1. Policy Unit and Constitutional Guarantee System. CHAPTER I – Unification				
between programs	and National Unity. Chapter II – The Representative of National Unit. Chapter III				
of attending and	- Forms of resistance in institutional devices. Chapter IV - Constitutional				

non-attending	sanctions and indictments against President of Republic. CHAPTER V –				
students	Commentary on art. 54 Cost. CHAPTER VI – The reasoning behind the decisions of				
	the Constitutional Court in its judgments on laws. Chapter VII – Motivate the				
	laws?				
	PART 2. CHAPTER VIII – Politics and administration. Government as a fragmented				
	management of the existing. Loss of ethical value of politics. The multiplication				
	of seats of government and the concealment of power. CHAPTER IX – Order and				
	organization of Government. CHAPTER X – The crisis of government between				
	constitutional rules and "regularity" of politics.				
	Non-attending students				
	(recommended text: P. Caretti-G. Tarli Barbieri, <i>I diritti fondamentali. Liber</i>				
	diritti sociali, Giappichelli – Torino, latest edition)				
	The historical perspective: theoretical reconstructions and protection model				
	fundamental rights in the Italian constitutional experience: from the Albertino				
	Statute to the Republican Constitution; fundamental rights in the Italian				
	Constitution: general framework; the interpretation of art. 2 of the Constitution;				
	the principle of equality; personal freedom; freedom of residence and freedom				
	of movement and residence; freedom and secrecy of correspondence; the				
	freedom of expression of thought; collective freedoms (articles 17, 18, 39, 49 of				
	the Constitution); social rights; political rights; duties political, economic and				
	social solidarity.				
Estimate of the time	Without prejudice to the University didactic regulations and the subjectivity of				
commitment	the study methods of each student, it is estimated, by default, a study				
required for	commitment of 250 hours.				
individual study					
Teaching methods	Lessons of frontal teaching, in-depth exercises, seminars, also held by external				
used	teachers. Recommended texts:				
	For <u>attending students</u> :				
Learning resources	L. VENTURA, <i>Frammenti costituzionali e disordine politico</i> , Giappichelli – Torino				
(suggested	2015.				
textbooks, any	Further in-depth readings will be indicated by professor during the course.				
further readings	The study must be constantly accompanied by consultation and analysis of the				
recommended for	Constitution and the fundamental laws indicated by the teacher.				
further study, other					
teaching material)	For non-attending students :				
	P. CARETTI, <i>I diritti fondamentali. Libertà e diritti sociali</i> , Giappichelli – Torino,				
	ultima edizione.				
Support activities	Further study paths can be agreed with students.				
Attendance modes	Attendance of the course is optional.				
	Oral examination.				
	In order to pass the exam, the student must demonstrate to know sufficiently				
	the program in its entirety and to be able to express it in a satisfactory language				
	on a syntactic and technical level. The total or partial lack of these basic				
Evaluation methods	elements will entail the negative evaluation of the test and therefore the				
	student's unsuitability to pass the exam.				
	Once the presence of these minimum requirements has been established, the				
	evaluation of the student, aimed at identifying the final grade (from 18 to 30)				
	will be carried out using the following parameters shown in schematic form:				

Vote	Knowledge and understanding of the subject	Skills of analysis and synthesis	Use of references
Unsuitable	Important deficiencies. Significant inaccuracies	Irrelevant. Frequent generalizations. Inability to synthesize	Completely inappropriate
18-20	At threshold level. Obvious imperfections	Barely sufficient capacity	As soon as appropriate
21-23	Routine knowledge	The student is capable of correct analysis and synthesis and argues logically and coherently	The student uses the standard references
24-26	Good knowledge	The student has good analytical and synthesis skills. Arguments are expressed consistently	The student uses the standard references
27-29	More than good knowledge	The student has considerable analytical and synthesis skills	The student has deepened the arguments
30-30L	Excellent knowledge	The student has excellent analytical and synthesis skills	Important insights