## Bachelor Degree in Business Administration (L-18)

## **Statistics**

a.y. 2023-2024, 2nd year, 2nd semester, 6 ECTS Credits

## **Prof. Francesco Rania**

Course Information	Statistics (SECS-S/01) 6 ECTS – 42 hours				
	Lesson period: 2nd year, 2nd semester 6 ECTS, a.y. 2023-2024				
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Professor Information	Prof. Francesco Rania				
	Department of Law, Economy and Sociology				
	Website: https://www.diges.unicz.it/web/docenti/rania-francesco/ Email: raniaf@unicz.it				
	Phone: +39 0961 3694 4987				
	Office hours: during the lesson period; before and after the lessons and every month				
	before the examination				
Course Description	The course aims to provide mathematical, probabilistic and statistical tools in order to				
	perform social and economic investigations.				
Course goals and	Upon course completion, a student will be able to:				
Expected Learning					
Outcomes	Know and apply the tools of the theory of descriptive statistics, of probability     and informatical statistics.				
0 400041100	and inferential statistics.;				
	Understand and use the basic techniques to measure, represent and analyze a				
	quantitative variable;				
	<ul> <li>Estimate the statistics of the population through a sample;</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Built confidence intervals and check hypothesis test of statistics;</li> </ul>				
	Make a simple quantitative analysis.				
Program					
	Elements of univariate descriptive statistics: frequency tables, graphical				
	summaries (plots), summary statistics (mean, mode, median and quantiles),				
	variability indexes (variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation).				
	Elements of bivariate descriptive statistics: contingency table, statistical				
	independence and chi-square index for association. Covariance and correlation				
	coefficient, regression line and goodness of fit. Pearson and Spearman indices.				
	Elements of probability: definition of probability, probability theorems,				
	independent events, conditional probability, law of total probability, Bayes'				
	theorem.				
	Random variables: definition, probability distribution, density function,				
	cumulative distribution, expected value and variance.				
	<ul> <li>Examples of random variable: Bernoulli, Binomial, Geometric, Poisson, Uniform,</li> </ul>				
	Normal, T-Student, Chi-square, Fisher, Log-normal.				
	Linear combination of random variables and central limit theorem.				
	Sampling and distribution of samples.				
	Elements of point estimate statistics: sample mean, sample variance, sample				
	proportion and their properties.				
	Confidence intervals: general theory confidence intervals for the mean, the				
	difference of means, the proportion, the variance, the ratio of variances.				
	Hypothesis testing: general theory and hypothesis test for the mean, the  ### Additional to the property of the property				
	difference of means, the proportion, the variance, the ratio of variances. Non-				
	parametric test: independence test and goodness test.				
Expected student	Approximately 90 hours.				
workload	11 y				
,, critical					

Teaching methods	- Lectures	3				
8	- Case studies					
	- Exercises during the classroom lessons					
Learning resources	Textbook					
(textbooks, eventual						
further reading,)	- F. Rania, Appunti di Statistica, Cacucci Editore 2010.					
	Further reading					
	- D. Piccolo, Statistica, terza edizione il Mulino Strumenti 2010.					
Support activities	Subject-specific seminars					
Attendances policy	The attendancy policy is established by art. 8 of the University teaching regulation:					
	http://www.unicz.it/pdf/regolamento_didattico_ateneo_dr681.pdf.					
	The course includes intermediate assessment tests for attending students. Passi					
Assessment Methods	these tests requires a score of 14/30 or higher.  The examination is written and oral. The student must have obtained a score of					
	14/30 in the written part to be able to sit for the final (oral) part.					
	2 17 00 m the written part to be able to stellor the initial (oral) part					
	Grade	Grade knowledge and	Ability to analyze and	Use of		
		understanding of the topic	synthesize	references		
	Fail	Severe shortcomings and	Irrelevant frequent	Completely		
		inaccuracies	generalizations. Inability to synthetize	inappropriate		
	18-20	Sufficient. Important shortcomings.	Sufficient capabilities	Sufficient		
	21-23	Basic knowledge	The student is capable of	The student		
			correct analysis and	uses standard		
			synthesis, he argues logically and consistently			
	24-26	Satisfactory. Good	The student has good	The student		
		knowledge	analysis and synthesis	uses standard		
			skills. The arguments are	references		
			expressed consistently			
	27-29	Very good	The student has	The student		
			considerable skills in	studies in		
			analysis and synthesis	depth the		
				topics of the exam		
	30-30L	Excellent	The student has Excellent	Important		
			analysis and synthesis skills	insights		
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